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LAILA FRENCH

Revista sudamericana
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Este libro es el producto del trabajo colegiado que han desarrollado los profesores, investigadores, y estudiantes que

conforman la Red Temática de Calidad Ambiental y Desarrollo Sustentable, a través del macroproyecto "Evaluación del impacto ambiental por actividades antropogénicas: Alternativas de mitigación". El cual fue apoyado con recursos financieros por parte del Programa para el Desarrollo Profesional Docente (PRODEP), de la Secretaría de Educación Pública (SEP) en México. Cada una de las contribuciones giran entorno al conocimiento de la biodiversidad, manejo y conservación de los recursos naturales de algunas entidades federativas de México; particularmente de Hidalgo, Guerrero, Oaxaca, Chiapas, Baja California, Tamaulipas,

Zacatecas y Puebla. *Advances in Chickpea Science* Texas A&M University Press
 Los científicos españoles CINCO SIGLOS DE LUCHA ENTRE LA FE Y LA RAZÓN, ENTRE LA BUROCRACIA Y EL TALENTO En el presente libro se habla sobre ciencia española y su especificidad en relación con la historia de la ciencia en otros países. Esta especificidad viene determinada por su escasa producción y por la casi total ausencia de grandes ideas científicas. Las causas de esta peculiaridad son múltiples, algunas de las cuales irán apareciendo en estas páginas, pero parece que el temor social a la libertad de pensamiento fue el

marco en el que se incluían las demás, ya que esa libertad se consideraba un peligro para la estabilidad política y social. Por eso hasta épocas recientes no se ha considerado a la ciencia como parte importante de nuestra cultura, y su historia siempre estuvo relacionada con cuestiones políticas e ideológicas. Sin embargo en todos los tiempos ha habido actividad científica en España. Muy distinta según el momento histórico, con grandes altibajos como si una inmaterial Penélope tejiera y destejiera el lienzo de la ciencia española. Se inicia exponiendo algunas ideas sobre la génesis del desarrollo del conocimiento científico desde la antigüedad,

pasando por las revoluciones científica y tecnológica, hasta llegar a la primera parte del siglo XX. Se termina observando la organización científica en el mundo después de la segunda guerra mundial, haciendo la pregunta de ¿hacia dónde vala ciencia? e indicando algunas nuevas formas de organización que están empezando a ensayarse.

La ciencia española entre la polémica y el exilio Ajuntament de Valencia Oficina D'Estadística

This landmark scientific reference for scientists, researchers, and students of marine biology tackles the monumental task of taking a complete biodiversity inventory of the Gulf of Mexico with full biotic and

biogeographic information. Presenting a comprehensive summary of knowledge of Gulf biota through 2004, the book includes seventy-seven chapters, which list more than fifteen thousand species in thirty-eight phyla or divisions and were written by 138 authors from seventy-one institutions in fourteen countries. This first volume of Gulf of Mexico Origin, Waters, and Biota, a multivolumed set edited by John W. Tunnell Jr., Darryl L. Felder, and Sylvia A. Earle, provides information on each species' habitat, biology, and geographic range, along with full references and a narrative introduction to the group, which

opens each chapter. El surgimiento de la biología académica en Venezuela, 1946-1958 Springer
An account of the research trends in chickpea science, starting from origin and proceeding to biotechnology in an abridged form. The book should serve as a teaching guide as well as an information tool and motivator for students and researchers and a resource for farmers and producers. Hacia un Desarrollo Sostenible del Sistema de Producción-Consumo de los Hongos Comestibles y Medicinales en Latinoamérica: Avances y Perspectivas en el Siglo XXI Springer
Second in the series, High-Tech and Micropropagation, this

work covers the micropropagation of trees and fruit-bearing plants, such as poplar, birches, larch, American sweetgum, black locust, Sorbus, sandalwood, Quercus, cedar, Persian walnut, date palm, cocoa, Citrus, olive, apple, pear, peach, plum, cherry, papaya, pineapple, kiwi, Japanese persimmon, grapevine, strawberry, and raspberry. The importance and distribution of conventional propagation and in vitro studies on individual species are discussed. In particular detail, the transfer of in vitro plants to the greenhouse or the field, and the prospects of commercial exploitation are examined. The book will be of use to

advanced students, research workers and teachers in horticulture, forestry and plant biotechnology in general, and also to individuals interested in industrial micropropagation.

Seeds and Fruits of North American Papaveraceae

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The comparative study of mediterranean type ecosystems has gained considerable momentum during the past two decades. Modern studies on these systems date from the work of Ray Specht, who studied the dynamics of the heath vegetation of southern Australia. The results of these studies first appeared in 1957 (Specht and Rayson, 1957) and were summarized in

1973 (Specht, 1973). Specht followed this detailed work, which pointed to the central role of nutrients in limiting the productivity of the Australian heath, with a general comparison of the structural features of woody plant communities in mediterranean type ecosystems of Australia, southern France, and southern California (Specht, 1969a,b). The comparative studies emphasized remarkable convergent features of these ecosystems, particularly in relation to structural features affecting primary production. Naveh (1967) also did comparative studies focusing on grassland types that occur in the mediterranean climatic

zones of California and Israel. About this same time, independent studies by Mooney and Dunn (1970 a,b) and Mooney et al. (1970) made preliminary structural and functional comparisons of the vegetations of mediterranean type ecosystems in California and Chile in an attempt to derive an evolutionary model explaining the basis of their convergent natures. Much of the knowledge of these ecosystems up to 1973 was summarized in volume 7 of Ecological Studies, Mediterranean Type Ecosystems: Origin and Structure (di Castri and Mooney, 1973). This volume builds on its series predecessor in many ways.

Recent Advances and Future Perspectives for

Agavoideae Research:
Agave, Yucca and
Related Taxa Frontiers
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Este libro, el primero de su tipo, proyecta el quehacer y las experiencias sobre las investigaciones ecológicas realizadas en el territorio nacional por un grupo particular y variado de científicos. No pretende detallar los principales problemas o temas de la ecología, sino que más bien está escrito en un lenguaje accesible a un público no especialista, ofreciendo la oportunidad de acercarse a la historia natural del país mediante ejemplos que tienen relación con problemáticas nacionales basados en información de excelencia avalada por las publicaciones de

circulación internacional correspondientes a cada capítulo. Varios de los autores han optado por un relato muy personal que permite contribuir a la divulgación científica de las ciencias ecológicas y, por tanto, es también un libro complementario para la labor de docentes y estudiantes de la ecología. Hacer ecología es hacerse preguntas sobre la naturaleza: ¿cuál es la diversidad de microorganismos en diferentes ambientes del territorio nacional?, ¿cómo reconstruir la vegetación nativa de Chile?, ¿cómo han evolucionado los sistemas reproductivos en las plantas?, ¿qué aproximaciones sirven para estudiar la evolución entre plantas

e insectos?, ¿cómo entender los procesos de especiación en insectos y reptiles?, por nombrar algunas. En las páginas de esta obra se incluyen investigaciones sobre biogeografía y biodiversidad en suelos, bosques, agroecosistemas, ríos, lagos y océanos, exponiendo tanto aspectos teóricos como investigaciones de laboratorio y terreno realizadas con diferentes niveles de análisis, desde métodos clásicos hasta herramientas moleculares, satelitales y estadísticas.

[Directory of Plant Biotechnology Research/Development Laboratories in Latin America](#) UNAM

This fascinating, readable volume is filled with enticing,

detailed information about more than 30 different Incan crops that promise to follow the potato's lead and become important contributors to the world's food supply. Some of these overlooked foods offer special advantages for developing nations, such as high nutritional quality and excellent yields. Many are adaptable to areas of the United States. *Lost Crops of the Incas* includes vivid color photographs of many of the crops and describes the authors' experiences in growing, tasting, and preparing them in different ways. This book is for the gourmet and gourmand alike, as well as gardeners, botanists, farmers, and agricultural specialists in developing

countries.

Resource Use by Chaparral and Matorral

Porfirio MORALES

This book reviews the history, current state of knowledge, and different research approaches and techniques of studies on interactions between humans and plants in an important area of agriculture and ongoing plant domestication:

Mesoamerica. Leading scholars and key research groups in Mexico discuss essential topics as well as contributions from international research groups that have conducted studies on ethnobotany and domestication of plants in the region. Such a convocation will produce an interesting discussion about future

investigation and conservation of regional human cultures, genetic resources, and cultural and ecological processes that are critical for global sustainability.

Bioremediation of Industrial Waste for Environmental Safety

Megustaescribir

This book is dedicated to international cooperation, understanding and peace. It is the end result of several years of cooperative work between scientists of three countries: the United States, Germany, and Portugal. The work presented, however, draws from a much broader base, hopefully achieving the objective of NATO Advanced Research

Workshops, which have been established to allow and stimulate the exchange of new ideas and the synthesis of information by scientists of NATO countries. The tasks of the workshop were several; to review established methodologies that have provided insight into ecosystem function and adaptations of plants in mediterranean climate zones; to examine new methodologies that have recently been applied in ecological studies and have provided new types of information; to summarize recent studies in mediterranean regions of plant water relations, photosynthesis and production, mineral nutrition, plant growth

and development, and response to fire; to stimulate in particular an exchange of information among scientists of European Mediterranean countries; and to discuss means by which all of these objectives might be even more effectively achieved in the future through cooperative international research efforts. This variety of themes is clearly evident in the layout of the book. Held in Sesimbra, Portugal in October of 1985, the workshop took place in a ..

Anuario National Academies Press

A union list of serials commencing publication after Dec. 31, 1949.

Mexico Editorial Universitaria de Chile Achieving

environmental sustainability with rapid industrialization is currently a major global challenge. Industries are the key economic drivers, but are also the main polluters as untreated/partially treated effluents from industry are usually discharged into the aquatic environment or dumped. Industrial effluents often contain highly toxic and hazardous pollutants, which cause ecological damage and present and health hazards to living beings. As such, there is a pressing need to find ecofriendly solutions to deal with industrial waste, and to develop sustainable methods for treating/detoxifying waste before it's released into the environment. As a low

cost and eco-friendly clean technology, bioremediation can offer a sustainable alternative to conventional remediation technologies for the treatment and management of industrial wastes. This book (Volume II) describes the role of biological agents in the degradation and detoxification of organic and inorganic pollutants in industrial wastes, and presents recent bioremediation approaches for waste treatment and management, such as constructed wetlands, electro- bioremediation and nano- bioremediation, as well as microbial fuel cells. It appeals to students, researchers, scientists, industry professionals and experts in the field

of microbiology, biotechnology, environmental sciences, ecotoxicology, environmental remediation and waste management and other relevant areas who are interested in biodegradation and bioremediation of industrial wastes for environmental safety.

Cría de grana cochinilla

Springer Science & Business Media

A unique book dealing with all aspects of the production-consumption system of edible, functional, and medicinal mushrooms in Latin American countries, covering basic, applied and socioeconomic research, as well as commercial experiences on a large and small scale. The increasing potential of

mushrooms in this region of enormous cultural, biological, and ecological diversity is discussed in 31 chapters. Relevant experiences from other regions worldwide were selected for discussion. English abstracts are included in every chapter.

Plant Response to Stress CDCH UCV

This book is an initiative of a subcommittee of SCOPE (Scientific Committee on Problems of the Environment) which realized that the integrity of many natural ecosystems was being threatened by the ingress of invasive species.

Ethnobotany of Mexico

Editorial Complutense

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